

Total number of printed pages-7

3 (Sem - 1/CBCS) ZOO HC 2

2022

**ZOOLOGY**

(Honours)

Paper : ZOO-HC-1026

**(Principles of Ecology)**

Full Marks : 60

Time : Three hours

**The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.**

1. Choose the correct answer : **(any seven)**  
1×7=7

(a) An 'ecotone' is \_\_\_\_\_.

- (i) transition area
- (ii) site of interaction of two different biological communities
- (iii) shared boundary of two or more ecosystems
- (iv) All of the above

Contd.

- (b) A set of ecosystems is referred to as
- (i) biome
  - (ii) hydrosphere
  - (iii) community
  - (iv) cline
- (c) Which of the following is NOT a feature of *r*-selected species?
- (i) Quick reproduction
  - (ii) Low survival rate of progenies
  - (iii) Large litter size
  - (iv) Paternal care
- (d) The final stable community in ecological succession is
- (i) climax
  - (ii) sere
  - (iii) pioneers
  - (iv) carnivores
- (e) Which of the following is NOT a gaseous biogeochemical cycle in ecosystems?
- (i) Carbon
  - (ii) Nitrogen
  - (iii) Sulphur
  - (iv) Phosphorous

- (f) The pyramid of biomass is inverted in
- (i) forest ecosystem
  - (ii) grassland ecosystem
  - (iii) tundra
  - (iv) freshwater ecosystem
- (g) The concept of ecological pyramid was first proposed by
- (i) Odum
  - (ii) Charles Elton
  - (iii) A. G. Tansley
  - (iv) Ernst Haeckel
- (h) \_\_\_\_\_ is the ratio of energy flow at different points of a food chain.
- (i) Carrying capacity
  - (ii) Ecological efficiency
  - (iii) Birth rate
  - (iv) Food web
- (i) Energy flow in an ecosystem is
- (i) always bidirectional
  - (ii) never unidirectional
  - (iii) non-directional
  - (iv) always unidirectional

- (j) Identify the correct statement.
- (i) Every component of food chain forms trophic level.
  - (ii) Food web is an interrelation between different food chains.
  - (iii) Food chains are used to understand energy flow.
  - (iv) All of the above
- (k) Which of the following defines the study of the characteristics and parameters of a population?
- (i) Demography
  - (ii) Mortality
  - (iii) Natality
  - (iv) Population density
- (l) Which of the following structures is observed in a diminishing population?
- (i) Upright
  - (ii) Histogram
  - (iii) Bell-shaped
  - (iv) Urn-shaped

2. Write briefly on : **(any four)** 2×4=8
- (a) *r*-selection
  - (b) Natality
  - (c) Synecology
  - (d) Limiting factors
  - (e) Ecological efficiency
  - (f) Gause's competitive exclusion
  - (g) Species dominance
  - (h) Edge effect
3. Write short notes on : **(any three)** 5×3=15
- (a) Climax community
  - (b) Energy flow in ecosystem
  - (c) Life tables and survivorship curves
  - (d) Food web
  - (e) Nitrogen cycle
  - (f) In-situ wildlife conservation



- (g) Exponential population growth
- (h) Carrying capacity

4. Answer elaborately : **(any three)**

10×3=30

- (a) What do you understand by population density? Explain with an example. Add a note on fecundity tables highlighting the importance in population ecology.
- (b) Discuss with examples the characteristics of a community.
- (c) Compare and contrast between grazing and detritus food chains. Discuss with an example on Y-shaped food chain.
- (d) Discuss the Lotka-Volterra equation for competition and predation. Highlight the characteristics of K-selection strategy.
- (e) Describe the concept of ecological succession with a suitable example.
- (f) What is ex-situ conservation? Write briefly the management practices for wildlife conservation.

- (g) Discuss the density-independent factors of population regulation.
- (h) What do you understand by a limiting factor? Explain the laws of limiting factors. Add a note on Shelford's law of tolerance citing suitable examples.