Choice Based Credit System

Syllabus

For

B. Sc. Botany (Regular)



DEPARTMENT OF BOTANY GAUHATI UNIVERSITY GUWAHATI-781014

Effective from Academic Session 2019-2020

	DISCIPLINE	Ability Enhancement	Skill	Discipline Specific
	CORE COURSE	Compulsory Course	EnhancementCo	Elective DSE (6)
	(12)	(AECC) (2)	urse (SEC) (2)	
I	Discipine-1 Botany Paper I: Biodiversity (Microbes, Algae, Fungi and Archegoniate)	English/MIL Communication		
п	Discipine-1 Botany Paper II: Plant Ecology and Taxonomy	Environmental Studies		
Ш	Discipine-1 Botany Paper III: Plant Anatomy and Embryology		SEC-1	
IV	Discipine-1 Botany		SEC -2	
	Paper IV: Plant Physiology and Metabolism			
V			SEC -3	DSE-Botany Paper I
VI			SEC -4	DSE-Botany Paper II

Scheme for Choice Based Credit System in B. Sc. with Botany (Regular)

SEMESTER	COURSE OPTED	COURSE NAME	Credits
Ι	Ability Enhancement Compulsory Course-I	English/MIL communications	4
-	BOT-RC-1016	Biodiversity (Microbes, Algae, Fungi and Archegoniate)	4
-	BOT-RC-1016 (Practical)	Biodiversity (Microbes, Algae, Fungi and Archegoniate) -Practical	2
II	Ability Enhancement Compulsory Course-II	Environmental Studies	4
-	BOT-RC-2016	Plant Ecology and Taxonomy	4
-	BOT-RC-2016 (Practical)	Plant Ecology and Taxonomy -Practical	2
III	BOT-RC-3016	Plant Anatomy and Embryology	4
	BOT-RC-3016 (Practical)	Plant Anatomy and Embryology- Practical	2
	1. BOT- SE-3014 2. BOT-SE-3024	RSE-1 (Any one) 1.Biofertilizers 2.Herbal Technology	4
	BOT-RC-4016	Plant Physiology and Metabolism	4
IV	BOT-RC-4016(Practical)	Plant Physiology and Metabolism –Practical	2
-	1. BOT-SE-4014 2. BOT-SE-4024 3. BOT-SE-4034	RSE -2 (Any one) 1.Nursery and Gardening 2. Floriculture 3. Intellectual Property Right	4
V	1. BOT-SE-5014 2. BOT-SE-5024	RSE -3 Any one) 1.Medicinal Botany 2. Plant Diversity and Human Welfare	4
	1. BOT-RE-5016 2. BOT-RE-5026 3. BOT-RE-5036	 RDS- I (any one) 1. Cell and Molecular Biology 2. Economic Botany and Biotechnology 3. Genetics and Plant Breeding 	4
-	RDS -1(Practical)	RDS-Botany Paper I -Practical	2
VI		RSE -4 (Any one)	
	1. BOT-SE-6014 2. BOT-SE-6024	 Ethnobotany Mushroom Culture Technology 	2
VI		1. Ethnobotany	echnology

Course Structure for CBCS in B. Sc. with Botany (Regular) as per requirement of UGC

Total Credits in Botany			4	52
2.	BOT-RE-6026	2. Dissertaion	6	
1.	BOT-RE-6016 (Practical)	2. Analytical Techniques in Plant Sciences -Practical	2	
1.	BOT-RE-6016	RDS-2 (Any one)1. Analytical Techniques in Plant Sciences	4	6

Legends:

RC: Core Papers RE: Discipline Specific Elective Papers SE: Skill Enhancement Papers

List of Papers with BSc. Botany (Regular) under CBCS

1	BOT-RC-1016	: Biodiversity (Microbes, Algae, Fungi and
		Archegoniate)
2	BOT-RC-2016	: Plant Ecology and Taxonomy
3	BOT-RC-3016	: Plant Anatomy and Embryology
4	BOT-RC-4016	: Plant Physiology and Metabolism

Core Papers

Discipline Specific Elective Papers (Any two)

1	BOT-RE-5016	: Cell and Molecular Biology
2	BOT-RE-5026	: Economic Botany and Biotechnology
3	BOT-RE-5036	: Genetics and Plant Breeding
4	BOT-RE-6016	: Analytical Techniques in Plant Sciences
5	BOT-RE-6026	: Dissertation

Skill Enhancement Papers (Any four)

1	BOT-SE-3014	: Biofertilizers
2	BOT-SE-3024	: Herbal Technology
3	BOT-SE-4014	: Nursery and Gardening
4	BOT-SE-4024	: Floriculture
5	BOT-SE-4034	: Intellectual Property Right
6	BOT-SE-5014	: Medicinal Botany
7	BOT-SE-5024	: Plant Diversity and Human Welfare
8	BOT-SE-6014	: Ethnobotany
9	BOT-SE-6024	: Mushroom Culture Techniques

Core Courses

Semester-I

1

BOT-RC-1016 Biodiversity (Microbes, Algae, Fungi and Archegoniate)

Total Lectures : 60 Credits : 6 (Theory - 4, Practical - 2)

1.1 Theory

Unit 1 : Microbes

Viruses – Discovery, general structure, replication (general account), DNA virus (T-phage); Lytic and lysogenic cycle, RNA virus (TMV); Economic importance; Bacteria – Discovery, General characteristics and cell structure; Reproduction – vegetative, asexual and recombination (conjugation, transformation and transduction); Economic importance.

Unit 2 : Algae

General characteristics; Ecology and distribution; Range of thallus organization and reproduction; Classification of algae; Morphology and life-cycles of the following: Nostoc, Chlamydomonas, Oedogonium, Vaucheria, Fucus, Polysiphonia. Economic importance of algae.

Unit 3 : Fungi

Introduction- General characteristics, ecology and significance, range of thallus organization, cell wall composition, nutrition, reproduction and classification; True Fungi- General characteristics, ecology and significance, life cycle of Rhizopus (Zygomycota) Penicillium, Alternaria (Ascomycota), Puccinia, Agaricus (Basidiomycota); Symbiotic Associations-Lichens:

General account, reproduction and significance; Mycorrhiza: ectomycorrhiza and

(10 Lectures)

(12 Lectures)

(12 Lectures)

endomycorrhiza and their significance

Unit 4 : Introduction to Archegoniate

Unifying features of archegoniates, Transition to land habit, Alternation of generations.

Unit 5 : Bryophytes

General characteristics, adaptations to land habit, Classification, Range of thallus organization. Classification (up to family), morphology, anatomy and reproduction of Marchantia and Funaria. (Developmental details not to be included). Ecology and economic importance of bryophytes with special mention of Sphagnum.

Unit 6 : Pteridophytes

General characteristics, classification, Early land plants (Cooksonia and Rhynia). Classification (up to family), morphology, anatomy and reproduction of Selaginella, Equisetum and Pteris. (Developmental details not to be included). Heterospory and seed habit, stelar evolution. Ecological and economical importance of Pteridophytes.

Unit 4 : Gymnosperms

General characteristics, classification. Classification (up to family), morphology, anatomy and reproduction of Cycas and Pinus. (Developmental details not to be included). Ecological and economical importance.

1.2 Practical

- 1 EMs/Models of viruses T-Phage and TMV, Line drawing/Photograph of Lytic and Lysogenic Cycle.
- 2 Types of Bacteria from temporary/permanent slides/photographs; Binary Fission; Conjugation; Structure of root nodule.
- 3 Gram staining
- 4 Study of vegetative and reproductive structures of Nostoc, Chlamydomonas (electron micrographs), Oedogonium, Vaucheria, Fucus* and Polysiphonia through temporary preparations and permanent slides.
- 5 Rhizopus and Penicillium: Asexual stage from temporary mounts and sexual structures through permanent slides.

(8 Lectures)

(6 Lectures)

(2 Lectures)

(10 Lectures)

- 6 Puccinia: Herbarium specimens of Black Stem Rust of Wheat and infected Barberry leaves; section/tease mounts of spores on Wheat and permanent slides of both the hosts.
- 7 Agaricus: Specimens of button stage and full grown mushroom; Sectioning of gills of Agaricus.
- 8 Lichens: Study of growth forms of lichens (crustose, foliose and fruticose)
- 9 Mycorrhiza: ecto mycorrhiza and endo mycorrhiza (Photographs)
- 10 Marchantia- morphology of thallus, w.m. rhizoids and scales, v.s. thallus through gemma cup, w.m. gemmae (all temporary slides), v.s. antheridiophore, archegoniophore, l.s. sporophyte (all permanent slides).
- 11 Funaria- morphology, w.m. leaf, rhizoids, operculum, peristome, annulus, spores (temporary slides); permanent slides showing antheridial and archegonial heads, l.s. capsule and protonema.
- 12 Selaginella- morphology, w.m. leaf with ligule, t.s. stem, w.m. strobilus, w.m. microsporophyll and megasporophyll (temporary slides), l.s. strobilus (permanent slide).
- 13 Equisetum- morphology, t.s. internode, l.s. strobilus, t.s. strobilus, w.m. sporangiophore, w.m. spores (wet and dry)(temporary slides); t.s rhizome (permanent slide).
- 14 Pteris- morphology, t.s. rachis, v.s. sporophyll, w.m. sporangium, w.m. spores (temporary slides), t.s. rhizome, w.m. prothallus with sex organs and young sporophyte (permanent slide).
- 15 Cycas- morphology (coralloid roots, bulbil, leaf), t.s. coralloid root, t.s. rachis, v.s. leaflet, v.s. microsporophyll, w.m. spores (temporary slides), l.s. ovule, t.s. root (permanent slide).
- 16 Pinus- morphology (long and dwarf shoots, w.m. dwarf shoot, male and female), w.m. dwarf shoot, t.s. needle, t.s. stem, , l.s./t.s. male cone, w.m. microsporophyll, w.m. microspores (temporary slides), l.s. female cone, t.l.s. & r.l.s. stem (permanent slide).

- 1. Kumar, H.D. (1999). Introductory Phycology. Affiliated East-West. Press Pvt. Ltd. Delhi. 2nd edition.
- 2. Tortora, G.J., Funke, B.R., Case, C.L. (2010). Microbiology: An Introduction, Pearson Benjamin Cummings, U.S.A. 10th edition.
- 3. Sethi, I.K. and Walia, S.K. (2011). Text book of Fungi & Their Allies, MacMillan Publishers Pvt. Ltd., Delhi.
- 4. Alexopoulos, C.J., Mims, C.W., Blackwell, M. (1996). Introductory Mycology, John Wiley and Sons (Asia), Singapore. 4th edition.

- 5. Raven, P.H., Johnson, G.B., Losos, J.B., Singer, S.R., (2005). Biology. Tata McGraw Hill, Delhi, India.
- 6. Vashishta, P.C., Sinha, A.K., Kumar, A., (2010). Pteridophyta, S. Chand. Delhi, India.
- 7. Bhatnagar, S.P. and Moitra, A. (1996). Gymnosperms. New Age International (P) Ltd Publishers, New Delhi, India.
- 8. Parihar, N.S. (1991). An introduction to Embryophyta. Vol. I. Bryophyta. Central Book Depot, Allahabad.

Semester-II

2

BOT-RC-2016 Plant Ecology and Taxonomy

Total Lectures : 60 Credits : 6 (Theory - 4, Practical - 2)

2.1 Theory

Unit 1 : *Introduction*

Unit 2: Ecological factors

Soil: Origin, formation, composition, soil profile. Water: States of water in the environment, precipitation types. Light and temperature: Variation Optimal and limiting factors; Shelford law of tolerance. Adaptation of hydrophytes and xerophytes.

Unit 3: Plant communities

Characters; Ecotone and edge effect; Succession; Processes and types.

Unit 4 : Ecosystem

Structure; energy flow trophic organisation; Food chains and food webs, Ecological pyramids production and productivity; Biogeochemical cycling; Cycling of carbon, nitrogen and Phosphorous

Unit 5 : Phytogeography

Principle biogeographical zones; Endemism

(2 Lectures)

(8 Lectures)

(6 Lectures)

(4 Lectures)

(10 Lectures)

Unit 6 : *Introduction to plant taxonomy*

Identification, Classification, Nomenclature.

Unit 7: Identification

Functions of Herbarium, important herbaria and botanical gardens of the world and India; Documentation: Flora, Keys: single access and multi-access

Unit 8: Taxonomic evidences from palynology, cytology, phytochemistry and molecular (6 Lectures) data.

Unit 9 : *Taxonomic hierarchy*

Ranks, categories and taxonomic groups

Unit 10: Botanical nomenclature

Principles and rules (ICN); ranks and names; binominal system, typification, author citation, valid publication, rejection of names, principle of priority and its limitations.

Unit 11: Classification

Types of classification-artificial, natural and phylogenetic. Bentham and Hooker (upto series), Engler and Prantl (upto series).

Unit 12: Biometrics, numerical taxonomy and cladistics

Characters; variations; OTUs, character weighting and coding; cluster analysis; phenograms, cladograms (definitions and differences).

2.1 Practical

- 1. Study of instruments used to measure microclimatic variables: Soil thermometer, maximum and minimum thermometer, anemometer, psychrometer/hygrometer, rain gauge and lux meter.
- Study of morphological adaptations of hydrophytes and xerophytes (four each). 2.

(6 Lectures)

(4 Lectures)

(4 Lectures)

(2 Lectures)

(6 Lectures)

(2 Lectures)

- 3. Determination of minimal quadrat size for the study of herbaceous vegetation in the college campus by species area curve method. (species to be listed)
- 4. Quantitative analysis of herbaceous vegetation in the college campus for frequency and comparison with Raunkiaer's frequency distribution law
- 5. Study of vegetative and floral characters of the following families (Description, V.S. flower, section of ovary, floral diagram/s, floral formula/e and systematic position according to Bentham & Hooker's system of classification): Brassicaceae, Solanaceae, Lamiaceae.
- 6. Mounting of a properly dried and pressed specimen of any wild plant with herbarium label (to be submitted in the record book).

- 1. Kormondy, E.J. (1996). Concepts of Ecology. Prentice Hall, U.S.A. 4th edition.
- 2. Sharma, P.D. (2010) Ecology and Environment. Rastogi Publications, Meerut, India. 8th edition.
- 3. Simpson, M.G. (2006). Plant Systematics. Elsevier Academic Press, San Diego, CA, U.S.A.
- 4. Singh, G. (2012). Plant Systematics: Theory and Practice. Oxford & IBH Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi. 3rd edition.

Semester-III

3

BOT-RC-3016 Plant Anatomy and Embryology

Total Lectures : 60 Credits : 6 (Theory - 4, Practical - 2)

3.1 Theory

Unit 1: Meristematic and permanent tissues	(8 Lectures)
Root and shoot apical meristems; Simple and complex tissues.	

Unit 2: Organs (4 Lectures)

Structure of dicot and monocot root stem and leaf.

Unit 3 : Secondary Growth

Vascular cambium – structure and function, seasonal activity. Secondary growth in root and stem, Wood (heartwood and sapwood).

Unit 4 : Adaptive and protective systems

Epidermis, cuticle, stomata; General account of adaptations in xerophytes and hydrophytes.

Unit 5 : Structural organization of flower

Structure of anther and pollen; Structure and types of ovules; Types of embryo sacs, organization and ultrastructure of mature embryo sac.

(8 Lectures)

(8 Lectures)

(8 Lectures)

Unit 6: Pollination and fertilization

Pollination mechanisms and adaptations; Double fertilization; Seed-structure appendages and dispersal mechanisms.

Unit 7 : Embryo and endosperm

Endosperm types, structure and functions; Dicot and monocot embryo; Embryo- endosperm relationship.

Unit 8: Apomixis and polyembryony

Definition, types and practical applications.

3.2 Practical

- 1. Study of meristems through permanent slides and photographs.
- 2. Tissues (parenchyma, collenchyma and sclerenchyma); Macerated xylary elements, Phloem (Permanent slides, photographs)
- 3. Stem: Monocot: Zea mays; Dicot: Helianthus; Secondary: Helianthus (only Permanent slides).
- 4. Root: Monocot: Zea mays; Dicot: Helianthus; Secondary: Helianthus (only Permanent slides).
- 5. Leaf: Dicot and Monocot leaf (only Permanent slides).
- 6. Adaptive anatomy: Xerophyte (Nerium leaf); Hydrophyte (Hydrilla stem).
- 7. Structure of anther (young and mature), tapetum (amoeboid and secretory) (Permanent slides).
- 8. Types of ovules: anatropous, orthotropous, circinotropous, amphitropous/ campylotropous (permanent slides)
- 9. Female gametophyte: Polygonum (monosporic) type of Embryo sac Development (Permanent slides/photographs).
- 10. Ultrastructure of mature egg apparatus cells through electron micrographs.
- 11. Pollination types and seed dispersal mechanisms (including appendages, aril, caruncle) (Photographs and specimens).
- 12. Dissection of embryo/endosperm from developing seeds.

(8 Lectures)

(8 Lectures)

(8 Lectures)

- 1. Bhojwani, S.S. & Bhatnagar, S.P. (2011). Embryology of Angiosperms. Vikas Publication House Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi. 5th edition.
- 2. Mauseth, J.D. (1988). Plant Anatomy. The Benjamin/Cummings Publisher, USA.

Semester-IV

4

BOT-RC-4016 Plant Physiology and Metabolism

Total Lectures : 60 Credits : 6 (Theory - 4, Practical - 2)

4.1 Theory

Unit 1: Plant-water relations

Importance of water, water potential and its components; Transpiration and its significance; Factors affecting transpiration; Root pressure and guttation.

Unit 2 : Mineral nutrition

Essential elements, macro and micronutrients; Criteria of essentiality of elements; Role of essential elements; Transport of ions across cell membrane, active and passive transport, carriers, channels and pumps.

Unit 3 : Translocation in phloem

Composition of phloem sap, girdling experiment; Pressure flow model; Phloem loading and unloading.

Unit 4 : Photosynthesis

Photosynthetic Pigments (Chl a, b, xanthophylls, carotene); Photosystem I and II, reaction center, antenna molecules; Electron transport and mechanism of ATP synthesis; C3, C4 and CAM pathways of carbon fixation; Photorespiration.

(8 Lectures)

(8 Lectures)

(6 Lectures)

(12 Lectures)

Unit 5 : *Respiration*

Glycolysis, anaerobic respiration, TCA cycle; Oxidative phosphorylation, Glyoxylate, Oxidative Pentose Phosphate Pathway.

Unit 6 : *Enzymes*

Structure and properties; Mechanism of enzyme catalysis and enzyme inhibition.

Unit 7 : Nitrogen metabolism

Biological nitrogen fixation; Nitrate and ammonia assimilation.

Unit 8 : *Plant growth regulators*

Discovery and physiological roles of auxins, gibberellins, cytokinins, ABA, ethylene.

Unit 9: Plant response to light and temperature

Photoperiodism (SDP, LDP, Day neutral plants); Phytochrome (discovery and structure), red and far red light responses on photomorphogenesis; Vernalization.

4.2 Practical

- 1. Determination of osmotic potential of plant cell sap by plasmolytic method.
- To study the effect of light on transpiration by excised twig. 2.
- 3. Calculation of stomatal index and stomatal frequency.
- 4. Demonstrate the activity of catalase and study the effect of pH and enzyme concentration.
- 5. To study the effect of bicarbonate concentration on O2 evolution in photosynthesis.

Demonstration experiments

- 1. Bolting.
- 2. Effect of auxins on rooting.
- 3. Suction due to transpiration.
- 4. R.Q.
- 5. Respiration in roots.

(6 Lectures)

(6 Lectures)

(4 Lectures)

(4 Lectures)

(6 Lectures)

- 1. Taiz, L., Zeiger, E., (2010). Plant Physiology. Sinauer Associates Inc., U.S.A. 5th Edition.
- 2. Hopkins, W.G., Huner, N.P., (2009). Introduction to Plant Physiology. John Wiley & Sons, U.S.A. 4th Edition.
- 3. Bajracharya, D., (1999). Experiments in Plant Physiology- A Laboratory Manual. Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi.

Discipline Specific Elective Papers

Two (2) be selected from each of the three disciplines

BOT-RE-5016 Cell and Molecular Biology

Total Lectures : 60 Credits : 6 (Theory - 4, Practical - 2)

1.1 Theory

Unit 1: Techniques in Biology

Principles of microscopy; Light Microscopy; Phase contrast microscopy; Fluorescence microscopy; Confocal microscopy; Sample Preparation for light microscopy; Electron microscopy (EM)- Scanning EM and Scanning Transmission EM (STEM); Sample Preparation for electron microscopy; X-ray diffraction analysis.

Unit 2: Cell as a unit of Life

The Cell Theory; Prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells; Cell size and shape; Eukaryotic Cell components.

Unit 3 : Cell Organelles

Mitochondria: Structure, marker enzymes, composition; Semiautonomous nature; Symbiont hypothesis; Proteins synthesized within mitochondria; mitochondrial DNA.

Chloroplast Structure, marker enzymes, composition; semiautonomous nature, chloroplast DNA.

ER, Golgi body & Lysosomes: Structures and roles.

Peroxisomes and Glyoxisomes: Structures, composition, functions in animals and plants and biogenesis.

Nucleus: Nuclear Envelope- structure of nuclear pore complex; chromatin; molecular

(8 Lectures)

(20 Lectures)

(2 Lectures)

organization, DNA packaging in eukaryotes, euchromatin and heterochromatin, nucleolus and ribosome structure (brief).

Unit 4: Cell Membrane and Cell Wall

The functions of membranes; Models of membrane structure; The fluidity of membranes; Membrane proteins and their functions; Carbohydrates in the membrane; Faces of the membranes; Selective permeability of the membranes; Cell wall.

Unit 5 : Cell Cycle

Overview of Cell cycle, Mitosis and Meiosis; Molecular controls.

Unit 6 : Genetic material

DNA: Miescher to Watson and Crick- historic perspective, Griffith's and Avery's transformation experiments, Hershey-Chase bacteriophage experiment, DNA structure, types of DNA, types of genetic material.

DNA replication (Prokaryotes and eukaryotes): bidirectional replication, semi-conservative, semi discontinuous RNA priming, $\dot{\emptyset}$ (theta) mode of replication, replication of linear, ds-DNA, replicating the 5['] end of linear chromosome including replication enzymes.

Unit 7 : *Transcription (Prokaryotes and Eukaryotes)*

Types of structures of RNA (mRNA, tRNA, rRNA), RNA polymerase- various types; Translation (Prokaryotes and eukaryotes), genetic code.

Unit 8: Regulation of gene expression

Prokaryotes:Lac operon and Tryptophan operon ; and in Eukaryotes.

1.2 Practical

- 1. To study prokaryotic cells (bacteria), viruses, eukaryotic cells with the help of light and electron micrographs.
- 2. Study of the photomicrographs of cell organelles.
- 3. To study the structure of plant cell through temporary mounts.
- 4. Study of mitosis and meiosis (temporary mounts and permanent slides).
- Study of plasmolysis and deplasmolysis on Rhoeo leaf. 5.

(6 Lectures)

(6 Lectures)

(6 Lectures)

(6 Lectures)

(6 Lectures)

- 6. Measure the cell size (either length or breadth/diameter) by micrometry.
- 7. Study the structure of nuclear pore complex by photograph (from Gerald Karp)Study of special chromosomes (polytene & lampbrush) either by slides or photographs.
- 8. Study DNA packaging by micrographs.
- 9. Preparation of the karyotype and ideogram from given photograph of somatic metaphase chromosome.

- 1. Karp, G. 2010. Cell and Molecular Biology: Concepts and Experiments. 6th Edition. John Wiley & Sons. Inc.
- 2. De Robertis, E.D.P. and De Robertis, E.M.F. 2006. Cell and Molecular Biology. 8th edition. Lippincott Williams and Wilkins, Philadelphia.
- 3. Cooper, G.M. and Hausman, R.E. 2009. The Cell: A Molecular Approach. 5th edition. ASM Press & Sunderland, Washington, D.C.; Sinauer Associates, MA.
- 4. Becker, W.M., Kleinsmith, L.J., Hardin. J. and Bertoni, G. P. 2009. The World of the Cell. 7th edition. Pearson Benjamin Cummings Publishing, San Francisco.

BOT-RE-5026 Economic Botany and Biotechnology

Total Lectures : 60 Credits : 6 (Theory - 4, Practical - 2)

2.1 Theory

Unit 1: Origin of Cultivated Plants	(4 Lectures)
Concept of centres of origin, their importance with reference to Vavilov's work	<u>C</u>
Unit 2 : Cereals	(4 Lectures)
Wheat -Origin, morphology, uses	
Unit 3 : Legumes	(6 Lectures)
General account with special reference to Gram and soybean	
Unit 4 : Spices	(6 Lectures)
General account with special reference to clove and black pepper (Botanical	name, family,
part used, morphology and uses)	
Unit 5 : Beverages	(4 Lectures)
Tea (morphology, processing, uses)	
Unit 6: Oils and Fats	(4 Lectures)
General description with special reference to groundnut	

Unit 7 : Fibre Yielding Plants

General description with special reference to Cotton (Botanical name, family, part used, morphology and uses).

Unit 8 : Introduction to biotechnology

Unit 9 : Plant tissue culture

Micropropagation ; haploid production through androgenesis and gynogenesis; brief account of embryo & endosperm culture with their applications

Unit 10 : Recombinant DNA Techniques

Blotting techniques: Northern, Southern and Western Blotting, DNA Fingerprinting; Molecular DNA markers i.e. RAPD, RFLP, SNPs; DNA sequencing, PCR and Reverse Transcriptase-PCR. Hybridoma and monoclonal antibodies, ELISA and Immunodetection. Molecular diagnosis of human disease, Human gene Therapy.

2.2 Practical

- 1. Study of economically important plants : Rice, Wheat, Gram, Soybean, Black pepper, Clove Tea, Cotton, Groundnut, Curcuma, through specimens, sections and microchemical tests
- 2. Familiarization with basic equipments in tissue culture.
- 3. Study through photographs: Anther culture, somatic embryogenesis, endosperm and embryo culture; micropropagation.
- 4. Study of molecular techniques: PCR, Blotting techniques, AGE and PAGE.

Suggested Readings

- 1. Kochhar, S.L. (2011). Economic Botany in the Tropics, MacMillan Publishers India Ltd., New Delhi. 4th edition.
- 2. Bhojwani, S.S. and Razdan, M.K., (1996). Plant Tissue Culture: Theory and Practice. Elsevier Science Amsterdam. The Netherlands.
- 3. Glick, B.R., Pasternak, J.J. (2003). Molecular Biotechnology- Principles and Applications of recombinant DNA. ASM Press, Washington.

(18 Lectures)

(4 Lectures)

(2 lecture)

(8 Lectures)

BOT-RE-5036 Genetics and Plant Breeding

Total Lectures : 60 Credits : 6 (Theory - 4, Practical - 2)

3.1 Theory

Unit 1: Heredity

(20 Lectures)

- 1. Brief life history of Mendel
- 2. Terminologies
- 3. Laws of Inheritance
- 4. Modified Mandelian Ratios: 2:1- lethal Genes; 1:2:1- Co- dominance, incomplete dominance; 9:7; 9:4:3; 13:3; 12:3:1.
- 5. Chi Square
- 6. Pedigree Analysis
- 7. Cytoplasmic Inheritance: Shell Coiling in Snail, Kappa particles in Paramecium, leaf variegation in Mirabilis jalapa, Male sterility.
- 8. Multiple allelism
- 9. Pleiotropism
- 10. Chromosome theory of Inheritance.

Unit 2 : Sex-determination and Sex-linked Inheritance

Unit 3: Linkage and Crossing over

Linkage: concept & history, complete & incomplete linkage, bridges experiment, coupling & repulsion, recombination frequency, linkage maps based on two and three factor crosses.

Crossing over: concept and significance, cytological proof of crossing over.

Unit 4: Mutations and Chromosomal Aberrations

Types of mutations, effects of physical & chemical mutagens. Numerical chromosomal changes: Euploidy, Polyploidy and Aneuploidy ; Structural chromosomal changes: Deletions, Duplications, Inversions & Translocations.

Unit 5 : *Plant Breeding*

Introduction and objectives. Breeding systems: modes of reproduction in crop plants. Important achievements and undesirable consequences of plant breeding.

Unit 6 : Methods of crop improvement

Introduction: Centres of origin and domestication of crop plants, plant genetic resources; Acclimatization; Selection methods: For self pollinated, cross pollinated and vegetatively propagated plants; Hybridization: For self, cross and vegetatively propagated plants – Procedure, advantages and limitations.

Unit 7 : Quantitative inheritance

Concept, mechanism, examples. Monogenic vs polygenic Inheritance.

Unit 8 : Inbreeding depression and heterosis

History, genetic basis of inbreeding depression and heterosis; Applications.

Unit 9 : Crop improvement and breeding

Role of mutations; Polyploidy; Distant hybridization and role of biotechnology in crop improvement.

(8 lectures)

(4 lectures)

(4 lectures)

(4 lectures)

(4 Lectures)

(8 Lectures)

(4 Lectures)

(4 lectures)

3.2 Practical

- 1. Mendel's laws through seed ratios. Laboratory exercises in probability and chi-square.
- 2. Chromosome mapping using point test cross data.
- 3. Incomplete dominance and gene interaction through seed ratios (9:7, 9:6:1, 13:3, 15:1, 12:3:1, 9:3:4).
- 4. Study of aneuploidy: Down's, Klinefelter's and Turner's syndromes through photographs.
- 5. Photographs/Permanent Slides showing Translocation Ring, Laggards and Inversion Bridge.
- 6. Hybridization techniques Emasculation, Bagging (For demonstration only).
- 7. Induction of polyploidy conditions in plants (For demonstration only).

- 1. Gardner EJ, Simmons MJ, Snustad DP (2008). Principles of Genetics. 8th Ed. Wiley-India.
- 2. Snustad, D.P. and Simmons, M.J. (2010). Principles of Genetics, John Wiley & Sons Inc., India. 5th edition.
- 3. Klug WS, Cummings MR, Spencer, C, Palladino, M (2011). Concepts of Genetics, 10th Ed., Benjamin Cummings
- 4. Griffiths, A.J.F., Wessler, S.R., Carroll, S.B., Doebley, J. (2010). Introduction to Genetic Analysis. W. H. Freeman and Co., U.S.A. 10th edition.
- 5. Pierce BA (2011) Genetics: A Conceptual Approach, 4th Ed., Macmillan Higher Education Learning
- 6. Singh, B.D. (2005). Plant Breeding: Principles and Methods. Kalyani Publishers. 7th edition.
- 7. Chaudhari, H.K. (1984). Elementary Principles of Plant Breeding. Oxford IBH. 2nd edition.
- 8. Acquaah, G. (2007). Principles of Plant Genetics & Breeding. Blackwell Publishing.

BOT-RE-6016 Analytical Techniques in Plant Sciences

Total Lectures : 60 Credits : 6 (Theory - 4, Practical - 2)

4.1 Theory

Unit 1: Imaging and related techniques

Principles of microscopy; Light microscopy; Fluorescence microscopy; Confocal microscopy; Use of fluorochromes: (a) Flow cytometry (FACS); (b) Applications of fluorescence microscopy: Chromosome banding, FISH, chromosome painting; Transmission and Scanning electron microscopy – sample preparation for electron microscopy, cryofixation, negative staining, shadow casting, freeze fracture, freeze etching.

Unit 2 : Cell fractionation

Centrifugation: Differential and density gradient centrifugation, sucrose density gradient, CsCl2 gradient, analytical centrifugation, ultracentrifugation, marker enzymes.

Unit 3 : Radioisotopes

Use in biological research, auto-radiography, pulse chase experiment.

Unit 4: Spectrophotometry

Principle and its application in biological research.

(8 Lectures)

(15 Lectures)

(4 Lectures)

(4 Lectures)

Unit 5 : *Chromatography*

Principle; Paper chromatography; Column chromatography, TLC, GLC, HPLC, Ion-exchange chromatography; Molecular sieve chromatography; Affinity chromatography.

Unit 6 : Characterization of proteins and nucleic acids

Mass spectrometry; X-ray diffraction; X-ray crystallography; Characterization of proteins and nucleic acids; Electrophoresis: AGE, PAGE, SDS-PAGE

Unit 7 : Biostatistics

Statistics, data, population, samples, parameters; Representation of Data: Tabular, Graphical; Measures of central tendency: Arithmetic mean, mode, median; Measures of dispersion: Range, mean deviation, variation, standard deviation; Chi-square test for goodness of fit.

4.2 Practicals

- 1. Study of Blotting techniques: Southern, Northern and Western, DNA fingerprinting, DNA sequencing, PCR through photographs.
- 2. Demonstration of ELISA.
- 3. To separate sugars by thin layer chromatography.
- 4. Isolation of chloroplasts by differential centrifugation.
- 5. To separate chloroplast pigments by column chromatography.
- 6. To estimate protein concentration through Lowry's methods.
- 7. To separate proteins using PAGE.
- 8. To separate DNA (marker) using AGE.
- 9. Study of different microscopic techniques using photographs/micrographs (freeze fracture, freeze etching, negative staining, positive staining, fluorescence and FISH).

(8 Lectures)

(15 Lectures)

(6 Lectures)

- 1. Plummer, D.T. (1996). An Introduction to Practical Biochemistry. Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Co. Ltd. New Delhi. 3rd edition.
- 2. Ruzin, S.E. (1999). Plant Microtechnique and Microscopy, Oxford University Press, New York. U.S.A.
- Ausubel, F., Brent, R., Kingston, R. E., Moore, D.D., Seidman, J.G., Smith, J.A., Struhl, K. (1995). Short Protocols in Molecular Biology. John Wiley & Sons. 3rd edition.
- 4. Zar, J.H. (2012). Biostatistical Analysis. Pearson Publication. U.S.A. 4th edition.

BOT-RE-6026 Dissertation

Credits : 6

Skill Enhancement Papers (Any four)

BOT-SE-3014 Biofertilizers

Total Lectures : 60 Credits : 4

Unit 1: General account about the microbes used as biofertilizer – Rhizobium – isolation, identification, mass multiplication, carrier based inoculants, Actinorrhizal symbiosis.

(8 Lectures)

Unit 2: Azospirillum: isolation and mass multiplication – carrier based inoculant, associative effect of different microorganisms. Azotobacter: classification, characteristics – crop response to Azotobacter inoculum, maintenance and mass multiplication.

(16 Lectures)

Unit 3: Cyanobacteria (blue green algae), Azolla and Anabaena azollae association, nitrogen fixation, factors affecting growth, blue green algae and Azolla in rice cultivation.

(8 Lectures)

Unit 4: Mycorrhizal association, types of mycorrhizal association, taxonomy, occurrence and distribution, phosphorus nutrition, growth and yield – colonization of VAM – isolation and inoculum production of VAM, and its influence on growth and yield of crop plants.

(16 Lectures)

Unit 5: Organic farming – Green manuring and organic fertilizers, Recycling of biodegradable municipal, agricultural and Industrial wastes – biocompost making methods, types and method of vermicomposting – field Application.

(12 Lectures)

- 1. Dubey, R.C., 2005 A Text book of Biotechnology S.Chand & Co, New Delhi.
- 2. Kumaresan, V. 2005, Biotechnology, Saras Publications, New Delhi.
- 3. John Jothi Prakash, E. 2004. Outlines of Plant Biotechnology. Emkay Publication, New Delhi.
- 4. Sathe, T.V. 2004 Vermiculture and Organic Farming. Daya publishers.
- 5. Subha Rao, N.S. 2000, Soil Microbiology, Oxford & IBH Publishers, New Delhi.
- 6. Vayas, S.C, Vayas, S. and Modi, H.A. 1998 Bio-fertilizers and organic Farming Akta Prakashan, Nadiad

BOT-SE-3024 Herbal Technology

Total Lectures : 60 Credits : 4

Unit 1: Herbal medicines: history and scope - definition of medical terms - role of medicinal plants in Siddha systems of medicine; cultivation - harvesting - processing - storage - marketing and utilization of medicinal plants.

(12 Lectures)

Unit 2: Pharmacognosy - systematic position m edicinal uses of the following herbs in curing various ailments; Tulsi, Ginger, Fenugreek, Indian Goose berry and Ashoka.

(12 Lectures)

Unit 3: Phytochemistry - active principles and methods of their testing - identification and utilization of the medicinal herbs; Catharanthus roseus (cardiotonic), Withania somnifera (drugs acting on nervous system), Clerodendron phlomoides (anti-rheumatic) and Centella asiatica (memory booster).

(12 Lectures)

Unit 4: Analytical pharmacognosy: Drug adulteration - types, methods of drug evaluation - Biological testing of herbal drugs - Phytochemical screening tests for secondary metabolites (alkaloids, flavonoids, steroids, triterpenoids, phenolic compounds)

(16 Lectures)

Unit 5: Medicinal plant banks micro propagation of important species (Withania somnifera, neem and tulsi- Herbal foods-future of pharmacognosy)

(8 Lectures)

- 1. Glossary of Indian medicinal plants, R.N.Chopra, S.L.Nayar and I.C.Chopra, 1956. C.S.I.R, New Delhi.
- 2. The indigenous drugs of India, Kanny, Lall, Dey and Raj Bahadur, 1984. International Book Distributors.
- 3. Herbal plants and Drugs Agnes Arber, 1999. Mangal Deep Publications.
- Ayurvedic drugs and their plant source. V.V. Sivarajan and Balachandran Indra 1994. Oxford IBH publishing Co.
- 5. Ayurveda and Aromatherapy. Miller, Light and Miller, Bryan, 1998. Banarsidass, Delhi.
- 6. Principles of Ayurveda, Anne Green, 2000. Thomsons, London.
- 7. Pharmacognosy, Dr.C.K.Kokate et al. 1999. Nirali Prakashan.

BOT-SE-4014 Nursery and Gardening

Total Lectures : 60 Credits : 4

Unit 1: Nursery: definition, objectives and scope and building up of infrastructure for nursery, planning and seasonal activities - Planting - direct seeding and transplants.

(8 Lectures)

Unit 2: Seed: Structure and types - Seed dormancy; causes and methods of breaking dormancy - Seed storage: Seed banks, factors affecting seed viability, genetic erosion - Seed production technology - seed testing and certification.

(12 Lectures)

Unit 3: Vegetative propagation: air-layering, cutting, selection of cutting, collecting season, treatment of cutting, rooting medium and planting of cuttings - Hardening of plants - green house - mist chamber, shed root, shade house and glass house.

(12 Lectures)

Unit 4: Gardening: definition, objectives and scope - different types of gardening - landscape and home gardening - parks and its components - plant materials and design - computer applications in landscaping - Gardening operations: soil laying, manuring, watering, management of pests and diseases and harvesting.

(16 Lectures)

Unit 5: Sowing/raising of seeds and seedlings - Transplanting of seedlings - Study of cultivation of different vegetables: cabbage, brinjal, lady's finger, onion, garlic, tomatoes, and carrots - Storage and marketing procedures.

(12 Lectures)

- 1. Bose T.K. & Mukherjee, D., 1972, Gardening in India, Oxford & IBH Publishing Co., New Delhi.
- 2. Sandhu, M.K., 1989, Plant Propagation, Wile Eastern Ltd., Bangalore, Madras.
- 3. Kumar, N., 1997, Introduction to Horticulture, Rajalakshmi Publications, Nagercoil.
- 4. Edmond Musser & Andres, Fundamentals of Horticulture, McGraw Hill Book Co., New Delhi.
- 5. Agrawal, P.K. 1993, Hand Book of Seed Technology, Dept. of Agriculture and Cooperation, National Seed Corporation Ltd., New Delhi.
- 6. Janick Jules. 1979. Horticultural Science. (3rd Ed.), W.H. Freeman and Co., San Francisco, USA.

BOT-SE-4024 Floriculture

Total Lectures : 60 Credits : 4

Unit 1: Introduction: History of gardening; Importance and scope of floriculture and landscape gardening.

(4 Lectures)

Unit 2: Nursery Management and Routine Garden Operations: Sexual and vegetative methods of propagation; Soil sterilization; Seed sowing; Pricking; Planting and transplanting; Shading; Stopping or pinching; Defoliation; Wintering; Mulching; Topiary; Role of plant growth regulators.

(16 Lectures)

Unit 3: Ornamental Plants: Flowering annuals; Herbaceous perennials; Divine vines; Shade and ornamental trees; Ornamental bulbous and foliage plants; Cacti and succulents; Palms and Cycads; Ferns and Selaginellas; Cultivation of plants in pots; Indoor gardening; Bonsai.

(8 Lectures)

Unit 4: Principles of Garden Designs: English, Italian, French, Persian, Mughal and Japanese gardens; Features of a garden (Garden wall, Fencing, Steps, Hedge, Edging, Lawn, Flower beds, Shrubbery, Borders, Water garden. Some Famous gardens of India.

(8 Lectures)

Unit 5: Landscaping Places of Public Importance: Landscaping highways and Educational institutions.

(8 Lectures)

Unit 6: Commercial Floriculture: Factors affecting flower production; Production and packaging of cut flowers; Flower arrangements; Methods to prolong vase life; Cultivation of Important cut flowers (Carnation, Aster, Chrysanthemum, Dahlia, Gerbera, Gladiolous, Marigold,Rose, Lilium, Orchids).

(12 Lectures)

Unit 7: Diseases and Pests of Ornamental Plants.

(4 Lectures)

Suggested Readings

1. Randhawa, G.S. and Mukhopadhyay, A. 1986. Floriculture in India. Allied Publishers.

BOT-SE-4034 Intellectual Property Rights

Total Lectures : 60 Credits : 4

Unit 1: Introduction to intellectual property right (IPR)(4 lectures)

Concept and kinds. Economic importance. IPR in India and world: Genesis and scope, some important examples.IPR and WTO (TRIPS, WIPO).

Unit 2 : Patents

Objectives, Rights, Patent Act 1970 and its amendments. Procedure of obtaining patents, Working of patents. Infringement.

Unit 3: Copyrights

Introduction, Works protected under copyright law, Rights, Transfer of Copyright, Infringement.

Unit 4: Trademarks

Objectives, Types, Rights, Protection of goodwill, Infringement, Passing off, Defences, Domain name.

Unit 5: Geographical Indications

Objectives, Justification, International Position, Multilateral Treaties, National Level, Indian Position.

(6 Lectures)

(6 Lectures)

(6 Lectures)

(6 Lectures)

Unit 6 : Protection of Traditional Knowledge

Objective, Concept of Traditional Knowledge, Holders, Issues concerning, Bio-Prospecting and Bio-Piracy, Alternative ways, Protectability, needfor a Sui-Generis regime, Traditional Knowledge on the International Arena, at WTO, at National level, Traditional Knowledge Digital Library.

Unit 7 : Industrial Designs

Objectives, Rights, Assignments, Infringements, Defences of Design Infringement

Unit 8 : Protection of Plant Varieties

Plant Varieties Protection-Objectives, Justification, International Position, Plant varieties protection in India. Rights of farmers, Breeders and Researchers. National gene bank, Benefit sharing.Protection of Plant Varieties and Farmers' Rights Act, 2001.

Unit 9 : Information Technology Related Intellectual Property Rights (8 Lectures)

Computer Software and Intellectual Property, Database and Data Protection, Protection of Semi-conductor chips, Domain Name Protection

Unit 10 : *Biotechnology and Intellectual Property Rights.* (8 Lectures)

Patenting Biotech Inventions: Objective, Applications, Concept of Novelty, Concept of inventive step, Microorganisms, Moral Issues in Patenting Biotechnological inventions.

Suggested Readings

- 1. N.K. Acharya: Textbook on intellectual property rights, Asia Law House (2001).
- 2. Manjula Guru & M.B. Rao, Understanding Trips: Managing Knowledge in Developing Countries, Sage Publications (2003).
- 3. P. Ganguli, Intellectual Property Rights: Unleashing the Knowledge Economy, Tata McGraw-Hill (2001).
- 4. Arthur Raphael Miller, Micheal H.Davis; Intellectual Property: Patents, Trademarks and Copyright in a Nutshell, West Group Publishers (2000).
- 5. Jayashree Watal, Intellectual property rights in the WTO and developing countries, Oxford University Press, Oxford.

(4 Lectures)

(4 Lectures)

(8 Lectures)

BOT-SE-5014 Medicinal Botany

Total Lectures : 60 Credits : 4

Unit 1: History, Scope and Importance of Medicinal Plants. Indigenous Medicinal Sciences; Definition and Scope-Ayurveda: History, origin, panchamahabhutas, saptadhatu and tridosha concepts, Rasayana, plants used in ayurvedic treatments, Siddha: Origin of Siddha medicinal systems, Basis of Siddha system, plants used in Siddha medicine. Unani: History, concept: Umoor-e- tabiya, tumors treatments/ therapy, polyherbal formulations.

(20 Lectures)

Unit 2: Conservation of endangered and endemic medicinal plants. Definition: endemic and endangered medicinal plants, Red list criteria; In situ conservation: Biosphere reserves, sacred groves, National Parks; Ex situ conservation: Botanic Gardens, Ethnomedicinal plant Gardens. Propagation of Medicinal Plants: Objectives of the nursery, its classification, important components of a nursery, sowing, pricking, use of green house for nursery production, propagation through cuttings, layering, grafting and budding.

(20 Lectures)

Unit 3: Ethnobotany and Folk medicines. Definition; Ethnobotany in India: Methods to study ethnobotany; Applications of Ethnobotany: National interacts, Palaeo-ethnobotany. folk medicines of ethnobotany, ethnomedicine, ethnoecology, ethnic communities of India. Application of natural products to certain diseases- Jaundice, cardiac, infertility, diabetics, Blood pressure and skin diseases.

(20 Lectures)

- 1. Trivedi P C, 2006. Medicinal Plants: Ethnobotanical Approach, Agrobios, India.
- 2. Purohit and Vyas, 2008. Medicinal Plant Cultivation: A Scientific Approach, 2nd edn. Agrobios, India.

BOT-SE-5024 Plant Diversity and Human Welfare

Total Lectures : 60 Credits : 4

Unit 1: Plant diversity and its scope- Genetic diversity, Species diversity, Plant diversity at theecosystem level, Agrobiodiversity and cultivated plant taxa, wild taxa. Values and uses of Biodiversity: Ethical and aesthetic values, Precautionary principle, Methodologies for valuation, Uses of plants, Uses of microbes.

(16 Lectures)

Unit 2: Loss of Biodiversity: Loss of genetic diversity, Loss of species diversity, Loss of ecosystem diversity, Loss of agrobiodiversity, Projected scenario for biodiversity loss, Management of Plant Biodiversity: Organizations associated with biodiversity management-Methodology for execution-IUCN, UNEP, UNESCO, WWF, NBPGR; Biodiversity legislation and conservations, Biodiversity information management and communication.

(16 Lectures)

Unit 3: Conservation of Biodiversity: Conservation of genetic diversity, species diversity and ecosystem diversity, In situ and ex situ conservation, Social approaches to conservation, Biodiversity awareness programmes, Sustainable development.

(16 Lectures)

Unit 4: Role of plants in relation to Human Welfare; a) Importance of forestry their utilization and commercial aspects b) Avenue trees, c) Ornamental plants of India. d) Alcoholic beverages through ages. Fruits and nuts: Important fruit crops their commercial importance. Wood and its uses. (12 Lectures)

Suggested Readings

1. Krishnamurthy, K.V. (2004). An Advanced Text Book of Biodiversity - Principles and Practices. Oxford and IBH Publications Co. Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi

BOT-SE-6014 Ethnobotany

Total Lectures : 60 Credits : 4

Unit 1 : *Ethnobotany*

Introduction, concept, scope and objectives; Ethnobotany as an interdisciplinary science. The relevance of ethnobotany in the present context; Major and minor ethnic groups or Tribals of India, and their life styles. Plants used by the tribals: a) Food plants b) intoxicants and beverages c) Resins and oils and miscellaneous uses.

Unit 2: Methodology of Ethnobotanical studies

a) Field work b) Herbarium c) Ancient Literature d) Archaeological findings e) temples and sacred places.

Unit 3: Role of ethnobotany in modern Medicine

Medico-ethnobotanical sources in India;Significance of the following plants in ethno botanical practices (along with their habitat and morphology) a) Azadiractha indica b) Ocimum sanctum c) Vitex negundo. d) Gloriosa superba e) Tribulus terrestris f) Pongamia pinnata g) Cassia auriculata h) Indigofera tinctoria. Role of ethnobotany in modern medicine with special example Rauvolfia sepentina, Trichopus zeylanicus, Artemisia, Withania.

Role of ethnic groups in conservation of plant genetic resources. Endangered taxa and forest management (participatory forest management).

48

(20 Lectures)

(12 Lectures)

(12 Lectures)

Unit 4: Ethnobotany and legal aspects

Ethnobotany as a tool to protect interests of ethnic groups. Sharing of wealth concept with few examples from India. Biopiracy, Intellectual Property Rights and Traditional Knowledge.

- 1) S.K. Jain, Manual of Ethnobotany, Scientific Publishers, Jodhpur, 1995.
- 2) S.K. Jain (ed.) Glimpses of Indian. Ethnobotny, Oxford and I B H, New Delhi 1981
- 3) Lone et al, Palaeoethnobotany
- 4) S.K. Jain (ed.) 1989. Methods and approaches in ethnobotany. Society of ethnobotanists, Lucknow, India.
- 5) S.K. Jain, 1990. Contributions of Indian ethnobotny. Scientific publishers, Jodhpur.
- 6) Colton C.M. 1997. Ethnobotany Principles and applications. John Wiley and sons Chichester
- 7) Rama Ro, N and A.N. Henry (1996). The Ethnobotany of Eastern Ghats in Andhra Pradesh, India. Botanical Survey of India. Howrah. 8) Rajiv K. Sinha – Ethnobotany The Renaissance of Traditional Herbal Medicine – INA –SHREE Publishers, Jaipur-1996 9)

BOT-SE-6024 Mushroom Culture Technology

Total Lectures : 60 Credits : 4

Unit 1: Introduction, history. Nutritional and medicinal value of edible mushrooms; Poisonous mushrooms. Types of edible mushrooms available in India - Volvariella volvacea, Pleurotus citrinopileatus, Agaricus bisporus.

(10 Lectures)

Unit 2: Cultivation Technology : Infrastructure: substrates (locally available) Polythene bag, vessels, Inoculation hook, inoculation loop, low cost stove, sieves, culture rack, mushroom unit (Thatched house) water sprayer, tray, small polythene bag. Pure culture: Medium, sterilization, preparation of spawn, multiplication. Mushroom bed preparation - paddy straw, sugarcane trash, maize straw, banana leaves. Factors affecting the mushroom bed preparation

- Low cost technology, Composting technology in mushroom production.

(24 Lectures)

Unit 3: Storage and nutrition : Short-term storage (Refrigeration - upto 24 hours) Long term Storage (canning, pickels, papads), drying, storage in saltsolutions. Nutrition - Proteins - amino acids, mineral elements nutrition - Carbohydrates, Crude fibre content - Vitamins.

(16 Lectures)

Unit 4: Food Preparation : Types of foods prepared from mushroom. Research Centres -National level and Regional level. Cost benefit ratio - Marketing in India and abroad, ExportValue. (10 Lectures)

- 1. Marimuthu, T. Krishnamoorthy, A.S. Sivaprakasam, K. and Jayarajan. R (1991) Oyster Mushrooms, Department of Plant Pathology, Tamil Nadu Agricultural University, Coimbatore.
- 2. Swaminathan, M. (1990) Food and Nutrition. Bappeo, The Bangalore Printing and Publishing Co. Ltd., No. 88, Mysore Road, Bangalore 560018.
- 3. Tewari, Pankaj Kapoor, S.C., (1988). Mushroom cultivation, Mittal Publications, Delhi.
- 4. Nita Bahl (1984-1988) Hand book of Mushrooms, II Edition, Vol. I & Vol. II.

Appendix

SEMESTER	COURSE OPTED	COURSE NAME	Credits
Ι	Ability Enhancement Compulsory	English/MIL communications/	4
	Course-I	Environmental Science	
	Core course - Botany Paper I	Biodiversity (Microbes, Algae, Fungi	i 4
		and Archegoniate)	
	Core Course - Paper I	Biodiversity (Microbes, Algae, Fungi	2
	Practical/Tutorial	and Archegoniate) Lab	
	Discipline- 2 Paper I	DSC- 2 Paper I	4
	Discipline- 2 Paper I Practical	DSC- 2 Paper I Practical	2
	Discipline - 3 Paper I	DSC- 3 Paper I	4
	Discipline - 3 Paper I Practical	DSC- 2 Paper I Practical	2
Π	Ability Enhancement Compulsory	English/MIL communications/	4
	Course-II	Environmental Science	
	Core course-Botany Paper II	Plant Ecology and Taxonomy	4
	Core Course- Botany Paper II	Plant Ecology and Taxonomy	2
	Practical/Tutorial	Lab	
	Discipline - 2 Paper II	DSC- 2 Paper 2	4
	Discipline -2 Paper II Practical	DSC- 2 Paper 2 Practical	2
	Discipline - 3 Paper II	DSC- 3 Paper 2	4
	Discipline - 3 Paper II Practical	DSC- 3 Paper 2 Practical	2
III	Core course- Botany Paper III	Plant Anatomy and Embryology	4
	Core Course- Botany Paper III	Plant Anatomy and Embryology	2
	Practical/Tutorial	Practical	2
	Discipline - 2 Paper III	DSC- 2 Paper III	4
	Discipline - 2 Paper III Practical	DSC- 2 Paper III Practical	2
	Discipline - 3 Paper III	DSC- 3 Paper III	4
	Discipline - 3 Paper III Practical	DSC- 3 Paper III Practical	4
	Skill Enhancement Course -1	SEC-1	4
IV	Core course- Botany Paper IV	Plant Physiology and Metabolism	4
	Course- Botany Paper IV Practical	Plant Physiology and Metabolism Practical	2
	Discipline - 2 Paper IV	DSC- 2 Paper IV Theory	4

	Discipline - 2 Paper IV Practical	DSC- 2 Paper IV Practical	2
	Discipline - 3 Paper IV	DSC- 3 Paper IV Theory	4
	Discipline - 3 Paper IV Practical	DSC- 3 Paper IV	2
	Skill Enhancement Course -2	SEC -2	4
V	Skill Enhancement Course -3	SEC -3	4
	Discipline Specific Elective –Botany Paper I	DSE-Botany Paper I	4
	Discipline Specific Elective –Botany Paper I Practical	DSE-Botany Paper I Practical	2
	Discipline Specific Elective – Discipline 2 Paper I	DSE-Discipline 2 Paper I	4
	Discipline Specific Elective – Discipline 2 Paper I Practical	DSE-Discipline 2 Paper I Practical	2
	Discipline Specific Elective – Discipline 3 Paper I	DSE- Discipline 3 Paper I	4
	Discipline Specific Elective – Discipline 3 Paper I Practical	DSE-Discipline 2 Paper I Practical	2
VI	Skill Enhancement Course -4	SEC -4	4
	Discipline Specific Elective –Botany Paper II	DSE-Botany Paper II	4
	Discipline Specific Elective –Botany Paper II Practical	DSE-Botany Paper II Practical	2
	Discipline Specific Elective – Discipline 2 Paper II	DSE-Discipline 2 Paper II	6
	Discipline Specific Elective – Discipline 2 Paper II Practical	DSE-Discipline 3 Paper II Practical	6
	Discipline Specific Elective – Discipline 3 Paper II	DSE- Discipline 3 Paper II	6
	Discipline Specific Elective – Discipline 3 Paper II Practical	DSE- Discipline 3 Paper II Practical	6
Discipline 3 Paper II Practical Total Credits		132	