3 (Sem-6/CBCS) ZOO HC 1

2022

ZOOLOGY

elleo teeldongon (Honours)

Paper: ZOO-HC-6016

(Developmental Biology)

Full Marks: 60

Time: Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

- 1. Choose the correct answer of the following:

 (any seven)

 1×7=7
 - (a) Rolling of sheet of cells over other cells during gastrulation is called as:
 - (i) Involution
 - (ii) Ingression
 - (iii) Epiboly
 - (iv) Invagination

- (b) Embryonic stem cells are derived from
 - (i) Undifferentiated inner mass of cells of embryo
 - (ii) Differentiated inner mass of cells of embryo
 - (iii) Undifferentiated trophoblast cells
 - (iv) Differentiated trophoblast cells
- (c) The only cell that can give rise to a complete new organism is
 - (i) Pluripotent
 - (ii) Multipotent
 - (iii) Totipotent
 - (iv) Corticopotent
- (d) In case of chick development, primary organizer is called
 - (i) Hensen's node
 - (ii) Dorsal lip of blastopore
 - (iii) Nieuwkoop centre
 - (iv) Primitive groove

- (e) The type of regeneration found in hydra is
 - (i) Morphallaxis
 - (ii) Epimorphosis
 - (iii) Regeneration
 - (iv) Healing
- (f) In developmental biology, morula is ____ cell stage
 - (i) 8 cell
 - (ii) 16 cell
 - (iii) 32 cell
 - (iv) Mass of cells
- (g) In frog, cleavage is
 - (i) Holoblastic and equal
 - (ii) Holoblastic and unequal
 - (iii) Meroblastic and unequal
 - (iv) Meroblastic and discoidal

- (h) The incubation period in chick tastes for about
 - 11 days (i)
 - 21 days
 - (iii) 24 days
 - (iv) 31 days
- The type of cleavage found in insect is
 - Meroblastic
 - (ii) Discoidal
 - (iii) Superficial
 - (iv) Holoblastic
- The process in which the three germ layers form is called and and all to
 - Cleavage
 - (ii) Gastrulation
 - (iii) Organogenesis
 - (iv) Metamorphosis

- Write short notes on any four of the following:
 - (a) Stable cell interaction
 - Homolecithal eggs
 - Disco blastula
 - Zonary placenta
 - Frozen embryo
 - Totipotent stem cells
 - Meridional plane of cleavage
 - (h) Primary egg membrane
- Answer any three of the following: 5×3=15 3.
 - (a) Describe briefly the differential gene expression.
 - (b) Describe the process of spermatogenesis.
 - (c) Describe different types of egg with example.
 - (d) What are the fate of germ layers?
 - (e) Types of placenta.

- (f) Describe the metamorphic changes found in amphibians.
- (g) Teratogenic agents.
- (h) Biological theories of Aging.
- 4. Answer any three of the following:

10×3=30

(i) What is pattern formation? Describe the process of patterning along the anteriorposterior axis of Drosophila embryo.

2+8=10

(ii) What is cytoplasmic determinant?

Describe the process of asymmetric segregation of cellular determinants.

2+8=10

- (iii) Describe the mechanism of fertilization with labelled diagram. 7+3=10
- (iv) Describe the process of early development of chick up to gastrulation.
- (v) What is fate map? Describe the fate map of a typical chordate blastula. 3+7=10

- (vi) Describe the process of implantation of human embryo.
- (vii) What is regeneration? Describe the morphallactic regeneration found in Hydra.2+8=10
- (viii) What is IVF? Describe the technique used in IVF. 2+8=10